Senate Bill No. 436

(By Senators Plymale, Browning, Unger, Kessler (Mr. President), Prezioso, Klempa, Beach and Jenkins)

[Introduced January 26, 2012; referred to the Committee on Education.]

A BILL to repeal §18-2B-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal §18-27-1, §18-27-2, §18-27-3, §18-27-4, §18-27-5, §18-27-6, §18-27-7, §18-27-8, §18-27-9, §18-27-10, §18-27-11, §18-27-12, §18-27-13, §18-27-14, §18-27-15, §18-27-16, §18-27-17, §18-27-18, §18-27-19, §18-27-20, §18-27-21 and §18-27-22 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-2-10 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-2B-1, §18-2B-2, §18-2B-3, §18-2B-4 and §18-2B-7 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §18-13-1, §18-13-2, §18-13-3, §18-13-4 and §18-13-5; to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §18B-3B-1, §18B-3B-2 and §18B-3B-3; to amend and reenact $\mathbf{2}$

§18B-3C-1, §18B-3C-2 and §18B-3C-4 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-14-1, all relating to public education generally; career and technical education; seamless curricula; programs of study; requiring state board to provide adult basic education programs on certain college campuses; creating West Virginia EDGE initiative; establishing initiative goals; providing for administration and accountability; requiring joint rule; clarifying that no specific level of appropriation is required; creating collaborative degree completion program; setting forth legislative findings, intent and program objectives; specifying program applicability; setting forth powers and duties of participating agencies; requiring certain agreements between community and technical college consortia and career and technical centers; clarifying legislative findings and intent regarding community and technical college system; clarifying duties of community and technical college consortia planning districts and specifying certain accountability procedures; assigning responsibility for developing collaborative degree completion programming; defining programs of study and directing consortia to focus on identifying and providing student programs of study leading to placement in high-demand, high-wage occupations; requiring initial consortia compacts and annual updates by certain date; specifying facilitating institutions for certain community and technical college consortium; providing for select committee to examine higher education outcomes-based funding models; specifying membership; requiring report of findings with recommendations to Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability and Joint Committee on Government and Finance by certain date; updating names of agencies and institutions; making technical corrections; and deleting obsolete language.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That \$18-2B-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that \$18-27-1, \$18-27-2, \$18-27-3, \$18-27-4, \$18-27-5, \$18-27-6, \$18-27-7, \$18-27-8, \$18-27-9, \$18-27-10, \$18-27-11, \$18-27-12, \$18-27-13, \$18-27-14, \$18-27-15, \$18-27-16, \$18-27-17, \$18-27-18, \$18-27-19, \$18-27-20, \$18-27-21 and \$18-27-22 of said code be repealed; that \$18-2-10 of said code be amended and reenacted; that \$18-2B-1, \$18-2B-2, \$18-2B-3, \$18-2B-4 and \$18-2B-7 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated \$18-13-1, \$18-13-2, \$18-13-3, \$18-13-4 and \$18-13-5; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §18B-3B-1, §18B-3B-2 and §18B-3B-3; that §18B-3C-1, §18B-3C-2 and §18B-3C-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-14-1, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-10. Certificates and awards.

1 The state Board of Education shall make promulgate 2 rules and regulations and shall determine the minimum 3 standards for the granting of certificates and awards for 4 secondary vocational education, adult basic education, adult 5 occupational education and adult technical preparatory 6 education, subject to the provisions of section two, article 7 two-b of this chapter and article three-a of chapter eigh-8 teen-b of this code.

9 <u>The state board shall provide a program of adult basic</u> 10 <u>education at each state community and technical college</u> 11 <u>campus where developmental education services are pro-</u> 12 <u>vided in cooperation with the West Virginia Council for</u> 13 <u>Community and Technical College Education and the</u> 14 <u>institutional board of governors of each college. This ap-</u>

proach to providing adult basic education links these
programs with developmental education and creates a
simpler, clearer pathway for adults to enter college.

ARTICLE 2B. AREA VOCATIONAL PROGRAM.

§18-2B-1. Aims and purposes of program; areas where available.

1 The aims and purposes of the area vocational educational 2 program shall be are to provide vocational training or 3 retraining on an organized basis designed to prepare individ-4 uals for useful employment in recognized occupations. The 5 program shall be made available to residents of West 6 Virginia in an area or areas designated and approved by the

7 West Virginia board of vocational education state board.

§18-2B-2. Authority to establish programs, etc.; Division of Voca-

tional Education established; rules; director.

(a) The state board may establish, operate and maintain
 area vocational educational programs including the acquisi tion by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise of necessary lands
 and the construction, expansion, remodeling, alteration and
 equipping of necessary buildings for the purpose of operating
 and conducting educational training centers.

7 (b) The state board may delegate its operational author-8 ity for multicounty vocational centers to an administrative

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9 council composed of equal representation from each of the 10 participating county boards of education, the superintendent 11 of schools from each participating county, and the state 12 director of vocational education or his or her representative. 13To this end, there is hereby expressly established in the state board a division of vocational education which shall deter-14 15 mine the area or areas in which the programs are to be conducted and is authorized to promulgate rules necessary 1617 to carry out the provisions of this article, pursuant to article 18 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The director of 19the division of vocational education administers and super-20 vises the area vocational educational programs.

§18-2B-3. Area vocational education program funds.

1 There is hereby established a fund to be known as the Area Vocational Education Program Fund for Secondary 2 3 Education. There is hereby established a separate fund to be known as the Area Vocational Education Program Fund for 4 Post-Secondary Vocational Education. All moneys appropri-5 ated for such purpose by the Legislature as well as any gifts 6 or grants made to the appropriate fund by any governmental 7 8 subdivision of the state or by the United States government 9 or by any individual, firm or corporation, to carry out the provisions of this article shall be expended by the state
board. of Education or the board of directors, as the case
may be.

§18-2B-4. Expenditure of funds; title to property.

1 (a) The state board of Education and the board of 2 directors, as the case may be, are authorized and empowered 3 to may expend the area vocational education program funds 4 for salaries; teachers' retirement contributions and necessary 5 traveling expenses of teachers and other necessary employ-6 ees, including, but not limited to, vocational guidance 7 counselors; for purchase, rental, maintenance and repair of 8 instructional equipment, buildings and supplies; and for the 9 necessary costs of transportation of certified students.

(b) Title to any property, equipment, tools, furniture or
instructional materials purchased prior to July 1, 1989, out
of the fund provided for area vocational education program
funds previously established and existing immediately prior
to that date is transferred to and vested in the state board.
After July 1, 1989, purchases from funds established in this
article are vested in the state board.

§18-2B-7. Transportation of students.

The state board of vocational education is hereby
 authorized and empowered to may pay the transportation of

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3 any certified unemployed person participating in any area

- 4 vocational educational program during the period of time
- 5 that he $\underline{\text{or she}}$ is engaged in $\underline{\text{said}}$ the training program at any
- 6 of the instructional centers.

ARTICLE 13. West Virginia EDGE.

§18-13-1. Earn a Degree - Graduate Early (EDGE) initiative established; purposes.

1 The Earn a Degree - Graduate Early initiative herein 2 established is known and may be cited as "West Virginia 3 EDGE". This program is part of the programs of study and 4 seamless curriculum initiative that focuses on aligning 5 curriculum between education levels. Specifically, West 6 Virginia EDGE is established to connect public schools with 7 higher education for the following purposes:

8 (a) To prepare public high school students for success in9 the workplace or postsecondary education; and

(b) To provide the opportunity for these students to earn
community and technical college credit free-of-charge for
the duplicated secondary and postsecondary courses identified during the curriculum alignment process.

§18-13-2. Goals for West Virginia EDGE.

In order to serve the citizens of the state by promoting a
 higher college-going rate, reducing the time and cost for

3 students to obtain college credentials and expanding oppor4 tunities for economic development, the West Virginia EDGE
5 initiative shall meet the following goals:

6 (1) Create incentives for more students to continue their
7 education beyond high school by providing all students with
8 information about and access to courses that will prepare
9 them to meet college-level standards;

(2) Expand successful concurrent enrollment programs
that include all students, not just those who are designated
as college bound. The goal here is to prepare all students for
both work and postsecondary education with the same
rigorous curriculum;

(3) Align junior and senior year secondary courses with
community and technical college certificate and associate
degree programs. This alignment provides access to early
entrance college courses which offer all students the opportunity to establish a college transcript while still in high
school;

(4) Increase the number of students attending public
community and technical colleges by participating in a
collaborative partnership between the public schools and the
state community and technical colleges; and

(5) Establish programs of study pathways in combination
with early entrance college courses which together allow a
student to obtain an associate degree one year after high
school graduation or to receive an associate degree along
with the high school diploma.

§18-13-3. Program administration and accountability.

(a) West Virginia EDGE is administered by the Assistant
 State Superintendent of the Division of Technical, Adult and
 Institutional Education who serves as State Tech-Prep
 Coordinator. The community and technical college consortia
 planning districts created by section four, article three-c,
 chapter eighteen-b of this code serve as regional consortia to
 implement the program.

8 (b) The duties of State Tech-Prep Coordinator include,9 but are not limited to, the following:

(1) Developing a collaborative agreement with the
facilitating state community and technical college or colleges
in each consortium district and with the Council for Community and Technical College Education to meet the goals and
objectives of this article.

15 (2) Meeting the record-keeping requirements of section16 nine, article eight, chapter five of this code:

(A) By developing or adapting an existing comprehensive
relational data base and data analysis system for student
tracking to assure that consistent, reliable data relevant to
the goals of the program are available; and

(B) By tracking and evaluating outcomes across all eight
consortia districts and by creating a standardized reporting
procedure for collecting consistent data at the state level;

(3) Assuring that coordinators in the district consortia
prepare and retain reliable supporting source documents
necessary to validate the data included with the state
electronic database;

(4) Provide documentation to substantiate program
outcomes, included, but not limited to, the number of
students who enroll in the program, specific courses taken,
student course and final exam grades, the number who earn
EDGE credits and, of these, the number who apply the
credits in pursuit of degrees or certifications at state community and technical colleges; and

(5) Collecting data relevant to the goals and objectives
established for this initiative, analyzing the data, and
preparing a report for the legislative oversight commission
on education accountability by December 1, 2012, and

annually thereafter. The specific focus of the report is the
analysis of data on program outcomes to demonstrate to
what degree the initiative has met the goals and objectives of
this article.

§18-13-4. Joint rule required.

1 The state board and the West Virginia Council for 2 Community and Technical College Education, created in section three, article two-b, chapter eighteen-b of this code, 3 4 shall promulgate a joint legislative rule in accordance with article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the 5 administration of West Virginia EDGE. This rule shall 6 incorporate strategies designed to achieve the overall goals 7 of the program, methods of operation, and step-by-step 8 procedures for achieving the objectives outlined in section 9 10 two and for implementing the reporting and accountability 11 measures set forth in section three of this article.

§18-13-5. No specific level of appropriation required.

1 The Legislature recognizes the importance of the West 2 Virginia Edge Program and will endeavor to provide suffi-3 cient funds to meet program goals and objectives. However, 4 funding is subject to appropriation by the Legislature and 5 nothing in this article requires any specific level of appropri-6 ation.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION

ARTICLE 3B. COLLABORATIVE DEGREE COMPLETION PROGRAM. §18B-3B-1. Legislative findings and intent.

1 (a) The Legislature makes the following findings:

2 (1) Evidence from national studies shows clearly that the 3 need to increase the number of Americans who hold post-secondary credentials has reached a critical point. 4 5 According to Complete College America, the United States has fallen from its long-held position as first among the 6 nations and now ranks tenth in the percentage of young 7 adults with a college degree. Even more discouraging is the 8 9 statistic which shows that, for the first time in national 10 history, the current generation of college-age Americans will be less educated than their parents' generation. 11

(2) In West Virginia, the large numbers of high school
students who are uninterested and/or unprepared for college
can be attributed to three primary factors:

15 (A) Lack of alignment in courses between public educa-16 tion and public colleges and universities;

(B) Lack of clear career pathways presented to students
early enough to help them choose and follow an articulated
path from high school through postsecondary education; and

20 (C) Lack of knowledge among students and parents about
21 financial aid opportunities that can help them and their
22 families defray the cost of attending college.

(3) Sixty-three percent of jobs now available or to
become available in the near future require postsecondary
education. This statistic is particularly relevant for community and technical college students, but even for students
who choose to pursue a four-year degree, it is critical that
they be clearly focused on career goals in order to succeed.

29(4) Currently, a severe gap exists between the demands for technically skilled workers in West Virginia and the 30aspirations and programmatic focus of many of our students. 31Nearly thirty percent of the state's high school students have 3233 failed to enroll in either the pre-baccalaureate professional 34pathway or the career and technical education skilled pathway. Most of these individuals could be better served in 3536 a focused program of study that begins in the public schools and makes a seamless transition to the postsecondary level 37 in the state community and technical colleges. 38

39 (5) The Legislature finds that the best way to promote
40 this focus on career goals among our students is through
41 implementation of career pathways. This is an integrated

42 collection of programs and services intended to develop
43 students' core academic, technical and employability skills;
44 provide them with continuous education and training; and
45 place them in high-demand, high-opportunity jobs.

46 (6) In West Virginia, preparing students to achieve higher 47 levels of education is a responsibility shared among the state agencies responsible for providing education and workforce 48 49 development training. Since increasing the education level of state citizens enhances West Virginia's economic future 50 51and the general well-being of its citizens, providing addi-52tional opportunities to earn a college credential is the responsibility of all public secondary education and state 53institutions of higher education. 54

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature to encompass the entire public higher education system to remove those obstacles that block these pathways to college completion and to direct agencies and institutions to collaborate and cooperate to deliver needed services. Therefore, the object of this article is two-fold:

(1) To set forth a viable collaborative model that public
community and technical colleges and public school career
centers shall adopt to increase the number of West Virginians with a college credential; and

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(2) To maximize existing resources and capacity to train
the work force in West Virginia by encouraging the most
efficient expenditure of available dollars.

§18B-3B-2. Collaborative degree completion program established; program applicability and objectives.

(a) The Collaborative Degree Completion Program is
 hereby established as a collaborative partnership which
 includes the following:

4 (1) The public school career and technical centers which
5 includes state technology centers, technical centers, career
6 centers and career/technical centers; and

7 (2) The state community and technical colleges.

8 (b) The program shall meet the following objectives:

9 (1) Increasing the number of West Virginians who hold a
10 college credential and providing opportunities for a larger
11 number of adults to earn that credential;

(2) Increasing the education and technical skill levels ofthe state's work force; and

(3) Delivering post-secondary technical education in the
most effective and cost efficient manner by maximizing the
available resources of career centers and community and
technical colleges.

18 (c) The program shall be adopted by each community and 19 technical college consortia planning district. Each district 20 shall assess the needs of its employers, institutions and 21 centers and may adapt the basic model to fit the needs of the 22 area to be served; however, each model shall include the 23 following basic strategies to meet the objectives established 24 in this article:

25(1) Identify postsecondary adult career-technical educa-26tion programs offered by the public school career centers 27that are to be evaluated for delivery as a Certificate of 28Applied Science or an Associate of Applied Science Degree. 29(2) Ensure that all collaborative programs meet the conditions of the Higher Learning Commission of the North 30 31 Central Association of Schools and Colleges which is the 32accrediting body for state community and technical colleges. 33 (3) Place the collaborative program under the direct authority of the community and technical college as the 34 35 degree-granting institution. All collaborative programs shall meet the academic standards of the participating college. 36

37 (4) Provide for the collaborative program to remain
38 onsite at the career and technical center if participating
39 agencies determine that site to be the best location for
40 achieving program objectives.

§18B-3B-3. Powers and duties of agencies participating in collaborative degree completion program.

1 Members of each community and technical college 2 consortia planning district shall enter into an agreement that 3 delineates the division of responsibilities among the facilitat-4 ing community and technical college pursuant to section 5 four, article three-c of this chapter and the career and 6 technical centers, including activities for which these entities 7 are jointly responsible.

8 (a) The following activities are the responsibility of the
9 facilitating community and technical college in each consor10 tia planning district:

(1) Approve all curricula course and/or programs throughthe college's approval process;

13 (2) Maintain authority over the curriculum as required by14 the college's accrediting agency;

15 (3) Deliver all program general education courses;

16 (4) Award the appropriate degree;

17 (5) Employ all general education faculty and approve the18 employment of all technical program faculty;

(6) Enroll students through the college's admission andregistration process and administer student financial aid,

21 including coordinating and administering veterans' educa-22 tion benefits:

(7) Charge and collect the college's tuition and fees; and
(8) Pay the career and technical center for technical
faculty time.

(b) The following activities are the responsibility of each
career and technical center within the consortium planning
district:

(1) Deliver the majority of the technical content courses;
(2) Maintain equipment and laboratories and provide
adequate instructional space if the program is delivered
onsite at the career and technical center; and

(3) Employ technical content faculty, if needed. If
participants choose, these faculty members may be provided
by the facilitating community and technical college.

36 (c) The following activities are the joint responsibility of
37 the facilitating community and technical college and each
38 career and technical center in the consortium planning
39 district:

40 (1) Maintain programmatic accreditation, if required;

41 (2) Maintain student transcripts at both the community
42 and technical college and the career and technical center.
43 The college transcript is the official transcript of record;

44 (3) Determine admission standards and student accep-45 tance into the programs;

46 (4) Market the program and share the cost of marketing47 as determined in the consortia agreement;

48 (5) Develop and implement a program of cross counseling in which counselors from secondary and postsecondary 49 50 career and technical centers and state community and technical colleges meet with students and their parents, 5152beginning in the eighth grade to answer their education and 53 career-related questions, to serve as a source of support through high school graduation and to provide specific, 54targeted information on career pathways and financial aid 55 56 opportunities; and

57 (6) Determine the feasibility of collaboratively develop58 ing and implementing postsecondary-level programs to
59 extend high school programs that currently are terminal.

ARTICLE 3C. COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM. §18B-3C-1. Legislative findings.

(a) The Legislature makes the following findings related
 to state community and technical colleges:

3 (1) Community and technical colleges are a distinctively4 American invention. They fill a critical gap between public

5 secondary education and the baccalaureate institutions and universities and they provide a connection between adult 6 7 basic education and higher education. Their overriding 8 mission is to provide affordable access to postsecondary 9 education and to provide this education and related services to people who otherwise might not have enrolled in a college 10 or university. They provide access to students who live in 11 geographic proximity and who seek low-cost postsecondary 12education. 13

(2) As the state's primary provider of workforce education and training, community and technical colleges located
in every region of West Virginia are essential to a statewide
strategy to prepare students for high-demand, high-wage
jobs, workforce development necessary to diversity and grow
the state's economy, further postsecondary education and life
long learning.

(3) The mission of state community and technical colleges
is to provide comprehensive education services that combine
the critical functions of career-technical education and work
force development, non-credit industry training, transfer
education, developmental education and continuing education.

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27(4) While the student population of state community and technical colleges is now evenly divided between those who 28 29are under age twenty-five and adults who are twenty-five 30 and older, the number in both categories who earn a degree 31or industry-recognized certificate within six years remains low. The declining numbers of high school graduates in the 32state makes it imperative for the community and technical 33 college system to focus on increasing the numbers of adults 3435 who enroll and who complete programs to earn a degree or 36 industry-recognized certificate within six years.

(b) In carrying out their mission, the governing boards of
the community and technical colleges shall collaborate with
public high schools and career and technical centers to
deliver services effectively and efficiently in the locations
where they are needed most.

§18B-3C-2. Legislative intent.

The following comprise the intent of the Legislature in
 enacting this article:

3 (a) To establish community and technical college educa4 tion that is well articulated with the public schools, the
5 career and technical education centers and other state
6 institutions of higher education; that encourages traditional

7 and nontraditional students and adult learners to pursue a
8 lifetime of learning; that serves as an instrument of economic
9 development; and that has the independence and flexibility
10 to respond quickly to changing needs of citizens and employ11 ers in the state;

12 (b) To establish community and technical college consor-13 tia districts for each of the community and technical colleges in order to ensure that the full range of community and 14 15 technical college education programs and services is pro-16 vided in all areas of the state, including the implementation of seamless programs of study as exemplified by West 17Virginia EDGE, established in article thirteen, chapter 18 eighteen of this code and the Collaborative Degree Comple-1920tion Program, established in article three-b of this chapter; 21 (c) To define the full range of programs and services that 22each community and technical college has the responsibility to provide; and 23

(d) To establish other policies and procedures necessary
to ensure that the needs of West Virginia, its people and its
businesses are met for the programs and services that can be
provided through a comprehensive system of community and
technical colleges.

§18B-3C-4. Community and technical college consortia planning districts.

(a) Unless otherwise designated, the presidents of each
 the community and technical college colleges facilitates the
 formation of community and technical college consortia in
 the state. which Each consortium includes representatives of
 community and technical colleges, public voca tional-technical career and technical education centers and
 public state baccalaureate institutions offering associate
 degrees. The community and technical college consortium
 shall is responsible for carrying out the following actions:

(1) Complete a comprehensive assessment of the district
to determine what education and training programs are
necessary to meet the short- and long-term workforce
development needs of the district;

(2) Coordinate efforts with regional labor market
information systems to identify the ongoing needs of business
and industry, both current and projected, and to provide
information to assist in an informed program of planning and
decisionmaking;

(3) Plan and develop a unified effort between the commu-nity and technical colleges and public vocational-technical

21 <u>career and technical</u> education to meet the documented
22 workforce development needs of the district through individ23 ual and cooperative programs, shared facilities, faculty, staff,
24 equipment and other resources and <u>through</u> the development
25 and use of distance learning and other education technolo-

26 gies;

27(4) Oversee the development of collaborative program-28ming for adults between the community and technical 29colleges and the public career and technical centers. The 30 focus of these collaborative efforts is the development of 31advanced skill programming that builds on the secondary 32curriculum and allows career and technical education graduates to acquire more in-depth preparation in their 33 34 occupational area of interest.

35 (4) (5) Regularly review and revise curricula to ensure
36 that the work force needs are met; develop new programs
37 and phase out or modify existing programs, as appropriate,
38 to meet such needs; and streamline procedures for designing
39 and implementing customized training programs;

40 (5) (6) Increase the integration of secondary and 41 post-secondary curriculum and programs that are targeted 42 to meet regional labor market needs, including implementa-43 tion of seamless curricula projects <u>programs of study</u>, in all

44 major career pathways including West Virginia EDGE, Earn
45 a Degree, Graduate Early Program and the Collaborative

46 <u>Degree Completion Program:</u>

47 (A) Research shows that well-planned, well-coordinated programs of study have a positive impact on school atten-48 dance, student grades, achievement scores, retention rates 4950 and career planning. To be successful, programs of study 51must include coherent and rigorous content aligned with challenging academic standards and relevant career and 5253technical education content. They must provide for student 54movement through a coordinated, nonduplicative progression of courses that align secondary education with commu-5556 nity and technical college education to prepare students to succeed at the community and technical college level and in 57high-wage, high-demand occupations. 58

59(B) Therefore, the focus of each consortium is to identify the high-demand, high-wage occupations within the service 60 61 district and develop programs of study, based on the findings, that lead to an industry-recognized credential, a 62 63 certificate of applied science degree or an associate degree. 64 (C) The initial consortium compact and each annual 65 update required in subsection (d) of this section shall 66 identify the programs of study that are to be implemented in the district service area. 67

68 (6) (7) Plan and implement integrated professional
69 development activities for secondary and post-secondary
70 faculty, staff and administrators;

(7) (8) Ensure that program graduates have attained the
competencies required for successful employment through
the involvement of business, industry and labor in establishing student credentialing;

(0) (9) Performance assessment of student knowledge and
skills which may be gained from multiple sources so that
students gain credit toward program completion and advance more rapidly without repeating course work in which
they already possess competency;

80 (9) (10) Cooperate with workforce investment boards in 81 establishing one-stop-shop career centers with integrated 82 employment and training and labor market information 83 systems that enable job seekers to assess their skills, identify 84 and secure needed education training and secure employ-85 ment and allow employers to locate available workers;

86 (10) (11) Increase the integration of adult literacy, adult
87 basic education, federal Work Force Investment Act and
88 community and technical college programs and services to
89 expedite the transition of adults from welfare to gainful

90 employment, and <u>including cooperation with the State</u>
91 <u>Department of Education to provide adult basic education</u>
92 programs on each community and technical college campus
93 in the state where developmental education services are
94 provided.

95 (11)(12) Establish a single point of contact for employers
96 and potential employers to access education and training
97 programs throughout the district.

(b) The community and technical college education
consortium shall cooperate with the regional workforce
investment board in the district and shall participate in any
development or amendment to the regional workforce
investment plan.

103 (c) To carry out the provisions of this section, community
104 and technical college consortia planning districts are
105 established and defined as follows:

106 (1) Northern Panhandle Community and Technical
107 College District includes Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall
108 and Wetzel counties.

109 (A) The facilitating institution is West Virginia Northern110 Community and Technical College.

(B) Participating institutions include West VirginiaNorthern Community and Technical College; John Marshall

113 High School; Cameron High School; John D. Rockefeller
114 Center; and other public vocational schools career and
115 technical centers offering post-secondary programs.

(2) North Central West Virginia Community and Technical College District includes Monongalia, Marion, Preston,
Taylor, Barbour, Randolph, Doddridge, Harrison, Braxton,
Lewis, Calhoun, Gilmer and Upshur counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is Pierpont Community
and Technical College. a division of Fairmont State University.

(B) Participating institutions include Pierpont Community and Technical College a division of Fairmont State
University; Glenville State College; Randolph County
Vocational-Technical Center; Monongalia County Technical
Education Center; United Technical Center; Marion County
Technical Center; Fred W. Eberly Technical Center; and
other public vocational schools career and technical centers
offering post-secondary programs.

(3) Mid-Ohio Valley Community and Technical College
District includes Tyler, Pleasants, Ritchie, Wood, Wirt,
Jackson and Roane counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is West Virginia Univer-sity at Parkersburg.

(B) Participating institutions include West Virginia
University at Parkersburg; West Virginia Northern Community and Technical College; Roane-Jackson Technical Center;
Gaston Caperton Center; Wood County Technical Center;
and other public vocational schools career and technical
centers offering post-secondary programs.

(4) Potomac Highlands Community and TechnicalCollege District includes Tucker, Pendleton, Grant, Hardy,Mineral and Hampshire counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is Eastern West VirginiaCommunity and Technical College.

(B) Participating institutions include Eastern West
Virginia Community and Technical College; South Branch
Career and Technical Center; Mineral County Technical
Center; and other public vocational schools career and
technical centers offering post-secondary programs.

(5) Shenandoah Valley Community and Technical CollegeDistrict includes Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is Blue Ridge Communityand Technical College.

(B) Participating institutions include Blue Ridge Commu-nity and Technical College; James Rumsey Technical

158 Institute; and other public vocational schools career and159 technical centers offering post-secondary programs.

(6) Advantage Valley Community and Technical College
161 District includes Fayette, Kanawha, Clay, Putnam, Cabell,
162 Mason and Wayne counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is Marshall for Cabell,
Mason and Wayne counties is Mountwest Community and
Technical College. The facilitating institutions for Clay,
Fayette, Kanawha and Putnam counties are Bridgemont
Community and Technical College and Kanawha Valley
Community and Technical College.

169 (B) Every five years the council shall:

(I) Evaluate the progress of the Advantage Valley
171 Consortia toward achieving the goals and benchmarks of its
172 compact;

173 (ii) Evaluate the progress of each community and
174 technical college in the district toward achieving the goals

175 and benchmarks of its institutional compact;

(iii) Determine which community and technical college
in the district would best serve the needs of the district for
the following five-year period if serving as the facilitating
institution; and

(iv) Designate the community and technical college
selected pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph to
serve as the facilitating institution for the following
five-year period.

184 (C) Participating institutions include Marshall Mountwest Community and Technical College; the 185 186 <u>Bridgemont</u> Community and Technical College; at West Virginia University Institute of Technology; West Virginia 187 188 State Kanawha Valley Community and Technical College; 189 Carver Career Center; Garnet Career Center; Ben Franklin 190 Career Center; Putnam County Vocational-Technical-191 Occupational Center; Cabell County Career-Technical Center; and other public vocational schools career and 192193 technical centers offering post-secondary programs.

194 (7) Southern Mountains Community and Technical195 College District includes Lincoln, Boone, Logan, Mingo,196 Wyoming and McDowell counties.

197 (A) The facilitating institution is Southern West Virginia198 Community and Technical College.

(B) Participating institutions include Southern West
Virginia Community and Technical College; New River
Community and Technical College; Boone County Career and

202 Technical Center; Wyoming County Vocational-Technical
203 Center; Ralph R. Willis Career and Technical Center;
204 McDowell County Career and Technology Center; Mingo
205 County Vocation-Technical Center; Charles Yeager Techni206 cal Center; and other public vocational schools career and
207 technical centers offering post-secondary programs.

208 (8) Southeastern Community and Technical College
209 District includes Raleigh, Summers, Fayette, Nicholas,
210 Webster, Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Monroe and Mercer
211 counties.

212 (A) The facilitating institution is New River Community213 and Technical College.

214(B) Participating institutions include New River Commu-215nity and Technical College; Southern West Virginia Commu-216nity and Technical College; the Bridgemont Community and 217Technical College; at West Virginia University Institute of 218 Technology; Bluefield State College; Academy of Careers and 219Technology; Fayette Plateau Vocation-Technology Center; Summers County High School; Monroe County Technical 220221Center; Mercer County Technical Center; and other public 222 vocational schools career and technical centers offering 223 post-secondary programs.

34

(d) In the role of the facilitating institution of the
community and technical college district consortium, the
college:

227 (1) Communicates to the council;

(2) Facilitates the delivery of comprehensive community
and technical college education in the region, which includes
the seven areas of comprehensive community and technical
college education delivery as required by section six of this
article; and

(3) Facilitates development of <u>a</u> statement of commitment
signed by all participating institutions in the region as to
how setting forth how community and technical college
education will be delivered; <u>and</u>

237 (4) Facilitates the development of a consortium compact

238 to be submitted to the Council before July 1, 2012, and
239 annually thereafter.

(e) Participating institutions are not subordinate to the
facilitating institution but will shall sign the statement of
commitment to participate.

(f) The council shall: <u>The Council is responsible for</u>
carrying out the following activities:

245 (1) Maintain guidelines for community and technical
246 college consortia development; <u>Annually evaluating the</u>

247 progress made in meeting the compact goals for each com248 munity and technical college consortium through the
249 development and collection of performance indicator data;
250 and

251 (2) Set goals for each consortium based upon legislative
252 goals for the delivery of comprehensive community and
253 technical college education; and

254(3) (2) Maintain a Providing each consortium with a 255model format for developing and revising a consortium 256compact outlining plans strategies and procedures for 257achieving stated goals. to The compact shall be submitted to 258the council annually for approval (g) On or before November 15 each year July 1, 2012, and annually thereafter. each 259260 consortium shall submit to the council for approval a 261 compact which outlines plans for obtaining the stated goals. 262Each compact shall include the implementation of seamless curricula projects programs of study, the Collaborative 263264Degree Completion Program and the West Virginia EDGE Earn a Degree, Graduate Early Program. 265

266 (h) The council annually shall evaluate the progress made
267 in meeting the compact goals for each community and
268 technical college consortia through the development and
269 collection of performance indicator data.

ARTICLE 14. MISCELLANEOUS.

§18B-14-1. Legislative findings; establishment of select committee; membership; report on outcomes-based funding models in higher education; recommendations.

(a) The Legislature makes the following findings public
 higher education:

3 (1) It is in the best interest of the citizens to have an
4 effective and comprehensive system for the delivery of public
5 higher education services. In order to achieve desired goals
6 of economic growth and societal well being, it is critical that
7 more citizens have some level of education beyond high
8 school.

9 (2) In Senate Bill 595 (Vision 2020), enacted in 2008 regular session, state policymakers established detailed goals 10and objectives that state institutions are expected to work 11 toward achieving by the year 2020. Vision 2020 also provides 1213mechanisms for measuring success and for holding the state 14 systems of higher education accountable. It establishes clear-cut connections between the budget cycle, the goals 15and objectives and both positive and negative consequences. 1617 (3) The Legislature finds further that a variety of policy 18 tools are available to influence and direct public higher

19 education behavior, including organizing institutions into 20 functional systems, creating governance structures and 21 mechanisms designed to ensure that these systems and 22 individual institutions focus on the public policy agenda and 23 establishing outcomes-based goals, accountability measures 24 and regulatory devices.

25(4) The Legislature finds further that, while these policy tools are useful, they are not sufficient to influence institu-2627tions, students and employers to behave in ways consistent 28with achieving the goals and objectives of Vision 2020 the 29public policy agenda. Resources appropriated to public higher education are used most effectively and efficiently 30 when the attention of state colleges and universities is 3132focused on meeting established priorities and this focus is 33 developed and sustained only when the state financing policy contains a direct connection between the Legislature's power 3435 to appropriate money and desired institutional outcomes. Unlike rules which can be bent; law can be creatively 36 interpreted; accountability requirements which can lose 3738 their effectiveness as they are filtered through layers of bureaucracy; and responsibility for implementation which is 39 divided among agencies and, ultimately, is totally dependent 40

41 upon institutional discretion, a financing policy that ties the
42 flow of funds directly to progress on achieving established
43 state goals and objectives commands immediate attention.

44 (b) It is the constitutional responsibility of the Legisla-45ture to determine how to make the best use of available resources to meet state needs and established goals; there-46 fore, the Joint Committee on Government and Finance shall 47 create a select committee for the two-fold purpose of making 48 49a specific and detailed analysis of outcomes-based funding 50 models used in higher education and providing recommendations to the Legislature on incorporating one or more of these 51models as an effective piece of the state's financing policy. 52

53 (c) The select committee consists of the following54 members:

55 (1) The President of the Senate or designee;

(2) The Speaker of the House of Delegates or designee;
(3) The chairs of the Senate and House of Delegates
Committees on Education, who shall cochair the committee;
(4) The vice chairs of the Senate and House of Delegates
Committees on Education:

61 (5) The chairs of the Senate and House of Delegates62 Committees on Finance or their designees;

63 (6) The cochairs of the Joint Commission on Economic64 Development or their designees;

(7) Two members each from the Senate Committees on
Finance and Education appointed by the President of the
Senate; and

68 (8) Two members each from the House Committees on69 Finance and Education appointed by the Speaker of the70 House.

(d) The select committee shall develop a report with
recommendations on implementing a state-level financing
plan which includes, but is not limited to, the following
items:

(1) A review of existing outcomes-based funding modelsfor institutions and systems of higher education;

(2) Identification of the top three to five public policyobjectives that are to be the focus of the financing policy;

(3) A review of outcomes-based funding models implemented in other states, including an evaluation of the degree
to which these policies have succeeded in influencing
institutional and system behavior;

(4) Recommendations on methods to balance the inherentneed of institutions for stability with the demands of the

40

state for services as identified in *Vision 2020* and the publicpolicy agenda;

87 (5) Recommendations on methods to develop a workable
88 balance between addressing the well-being of institutions
89 and the success of students; and

90 (6) An analysis of the impact of different models on 91 institutions with widely-differing missions, including 92 recommendations on selecting and implementing the appro-93 priate model for each type of institution specifically noting 94 the impact of selected models on community and technical 95 colleges, baccalaureate colleges and regional universities, 96 and research universities.

97 (e) The committee shall commence its work before May
98 15, 2012, and shall deliver its report and recommendations,
99 together with draft legislation to implement the recommen100 dations, to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Educa101 tion Accountability and the Joint Committee on Government
102 and Finance by December 1, 2012.

⁽NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to facilitate and encourage collaboration between the public school system and public higher education to promote programs of study and seamless curricula; to establish the West Virginia EDGE initiative and the Collaboration Degree Completion Program; to require the State Board to offer adult basic education programs on community and technical college campuses; to establish a select committee to study and make recommendations on

outcomes-based funding models; and to update agency and institutional names and delete obsolete language.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

\$18-13-1, \$18-13-2, \$18-13-3, \$18-13-4, \$18-13-5, \$18B-3B-1, \$18B-3B-2, \$18B-3B-3, and \$18B-14-1 are new. \$18-2B-2, \$18B-3C-1, and \$18B-3C-4 are completely rewritten; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)